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Foreword

1.1 Notes on the documentation

This description is only intended for the use of trained specialists in control and automation engineering who are familiar with applicable national standards.

It is essential that the documentation and the following notes and explanations are followed when installing and commissioning the components.

It is the duty of the technical personnel to use the documentation published at the respective time of each installation and commissioning.

The responsible staff must ensure that the application or use of the products described satisfy all the requirements for safety, including all the relevant laws, regulations, guidelines and standards.

Disclaimer

The documentation has been prepared with care. The products described are, however, constantly under development.

We reserve the right to revise and change the documentation at any time and without prior announcement.

No claims for the modification of products that have already been supplied may be made on the basis of the data, diagrams and descriptions in this documentation.

Trademarks

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Patent Pending

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1.2 Safety instructions

Safety regulations

Please note the following safety instructions and explanations!
Product-specific safety instructions can be found on following pages or in the areas mounting, wiring, commissioning etc.

Exclusion of liability

All the components are supplied in particular hardware and software configurations appropriate for the application. Modifications to hardware or software configurations other than those described in the documentation are not permitted, and nullify the liability of Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG.

Personnel qualification

This description is only intended for trained specialists in control, automation and drive engineering who are familiar with the applicable national standards.

Description of symbols

In this documentation the following symbols are used with an accompanying safety instruction or note. The safety instructions must be read carefully and followed without fail!

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="DANGER" /></td>
<td>Serious risk of injury! Failure to follow the safety instructions associated with this symbol directly endangers the life and health of persons.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="WARNING" /></td>
<td>Risk of injury! Failure to follow the safety instructions associated with this symbol endangers the life and health of persons.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="CAUTION" /></td>
<td>Personal injuries! Failure to follow the safety instructions associated with this symbol can lead to injuries to persons.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="NOTE" /></td>
<td>Damage to the environment or devices Failure to follow the instructions associated with this symbol can lead to damage to the environment or equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Tip or pointer" /></td>
<td>This symbol indicates information that contributes to better understanding.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 Introduction

The present function blocks simplify event-driven data exchange between the TwinCAT PLC runtime system and/or other ADS devices (TwinCAT NC, Bus Terminal Controller, ...).

The FB_WriteXXXOnDelta() function block implements a write procedure when the input signal rises above or falls below a specified limit value. The frequency with which the input signal is examined can be set. Event-driven data writing minimizes the loading on the fieldbus. If an error occurs during transmission, the process is repeated until the connection is established once more. All data types supported in the TwinCAT PLC are permitted as source and destination variables. Symbol names are also supported.

Watchdog function blocks are available to monitor individual communication partners. The device that is to be monitored cyclically transmits an incrementing counter. A check is made at the receiver to see that the counter state changes within a specific time.

Write/Read Blocks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FB_ReadAdsSymByName</td>
<td>Reads a variable of any desired data type by variable name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteAdsSymByName</td>
<td>Writes a variable of any desired data type by variable name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteBoolOnDelta</td>
<td>Writes a variable of type BOOLEAN in response to an event.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteByteOnDelta</td>
<td>Writes a variable of type BYTE in response to an event.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteWordOnDelta</td>
<td>Writes a variable of type WORD in response to an event.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteDWordOnDelta</td>
<td>Writes a variable of type DWORD in response to an event.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteRealOnDelta</td>
<td>Writes a variable of type REAL in response to an event.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteLRealOnDelta</td>
<td>Writes a variable of type LREAL in response to an event.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Monitoring Blocks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteWatchdog</td>
<td>Writes a watchdog signal (an incrementing counter) cyclically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_CheckWatchdog</td>
<td>Monitors the received watchdog signal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 Event driven data exchange

Write/Read Blocks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FB_ReadAdsSymByName [8]</td>
<td>Reads a variable of any desired data type by variable name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteAdsSymByName [9]</td>
<td>Writes a variable of any desired data type by variable name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteRealOnDelta [16]</td>
<td>Writes a variable of type REAL in response to an event.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.1 FB_ReadAdsSymByName

The function block enables reading of any value from another controller using the symbol name.

On a positive edge at the bRead input the function block reads the value of the variable sVarName from the selected ADS device (e.g. PLC). The ADS device is indicated by the AMS-NetId (sNetId) and the AMS Port number (nPort). The value is written into the variable to which nDestAddr points.

The internal mode of operation of the function block can be changed with the aid of the eComMode input:

- eComMode := eAdsComModeSecureCom: Following each read procedure the handle of the PLC variable is released again. This mode should be used when values are exchanged very slowly.
- eComMode := eAdsComModeFastCom: As long as the sVarName, sNetId and nPort inputs do not change, the handle of the PLC variable will not be released after each read procedure. This mode should be used when values are exchanged very frequently.

VAR_INPUT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bRead</td>
<td>BOOL;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sNetId</td>
<td>T_AmsNetId;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nPort</td>
<td>T_AmsPort := 851;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sVarName</td>
<td>STRING (255);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nDestAddr</td>
<td>PVOID;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nLen</td>
<td>UDINT;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tTimeout</td>
<td>TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eComMode</td>
<td>E_AdsComMode := eAdsComModeSecureCom;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

bRead: The function block reads the content of the variables sVarName of the selected ADS devices and writes it to the variable to which the pointer nDestAddr points.

sNetId: AMS-NetId of the ADS device from which the value is to be read. (Type T_AmsNetId)

nPort: AMS Port number of the ADS device from which the value is to be read. (Type T_AmsPort)

sVarName: Symbol name of the variable to be read on the selected ADS device (max. 255 characters).
nDestAddr: Address of the variable into which the read value is written.

nLen: Length of the variable to be read in bytes.

tTimeout: Time until processing is aborted.

eComMode: Enum used to specify whether the handle of the PLC variable is released again after each read procedure.

**VAR_OUTPUT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VAR_OUTPUT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bBusy      : BOOL;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bError     : BOOL;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nErrorId   : UDINT;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>END_VAR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

bBusy: The transmission is active.

bError: An error occurred during the transmission.

nErrorId: ADS error number if an error has occurred.

Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development environment</th>
<th>required TC3 PLC library</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TwinCAT v3.1.0</td>
<td>Tc2_DataExchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.2 FB_WriteAdsSymByName

The function block enables writing of any value to another controller using the symbol name.

On a positive edge at the bWrite input the function block writes the value to which the pointer nSrcAddr points into the variable sVarName of the selected ADS device (e.g. PLC). The ADS device is indicated by the AMS-NetId (sNetId) and the AMS Port number (nPort).

The internal mode of operation of the function block can be changed with the aid of the eComMode input:

- eComMode := eAdsComModeSecureCom: Following each write procedure the handle of the PLC variable is released again. This mode should be used when values are exchanged very slowly.
- eComMode := eAdsComModeFastCom: As long as the sVarName, sNetId and nPort inputs do not change, the handle of the PLC variable will not be released after each write procedure. This mode should be used when values are exchanged very frequently.

**VAR_INPUT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VAR_INPUT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bWrite    : BOOL;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sNetId    : T_AmsNetId;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nPort     : T_AmsPort := 851;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sVarName  : STRING (255);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nSrcAddr  : PVOID;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nLen      : UDINT;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eComMode  : E_AdsComMode := eAdsComModeSecureCom;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>END_VAR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**bWrite:** This function block writes the contents of the variable to which pointer `nSrcAddr` points into the variable `sVarName` of the selected ADS device.

**sNetId:** AMS NetID of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsNetId)

**nPort:** AMS port number of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsPort)

**sVarName:** Symbol name of the variable to be written on the selected ADS device (max 255 characters).

**nSrcAddr:** Address of the variable in which the value to written is located.

**nLen:** Length in bytes of the variable to be written.

**tTimeout:** Time until processing is aborted.

**eComMode:** Enum used to specify whether the handle of the PLC variable is released again after each write procedure.

### VAR_OUTPUT

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy     : BOOL;
  bError    : BOOL;
  nErrorId  : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

**bBusy:** The transmission is active.

**bError:** An error occurred during the transmission.

**nErrorId:** ADS error number if an error has occurred.

### Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development environment</th>
<th>required TC3 PLC library</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TwinCAT v3.1.0</td>
<td>Tc2_DataExchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.3 FB_WriteBoolOnDelta

The function block enables event-driven writing of a variable of type BOOLEAN.

The FB_WriteBoolOnDelta function block checks cyclically whether the value at the `bSignal` input has changed. The cycle time for checking is determined by the parameter `tCycleTime`. If 0 s is given for `tCycleTime`, the input signal is examined during every PLC cycle. If a change is detected, the value of the signal is sent to the specified ADS device. The receiver is addressed by means of the AMS-NetId and the port number (see also ADS Device Identification). The position within the receiver is specified by the index group/index offset or by the symbol name. Usually this is the input image or the flags area.

If the `bEnable` input is set to FALSE, no further signal transmission is carried out.
VAR_INPUT

VAR_INPUT
  bEnable : BOOL := FALSE;
  sNetId  : T_AmsNetId;
  nPort   : T_AmsPort;
  nIdxGrp : UDINT;
  nIdxOffs: UDINT;
  sVarName: STRING;
  bSignal : BOOL;
  tCycleTime: TIME := t#0s;
  bSendNow:  BOOL;
END_VAR

bEnable: Enable function block.

sNetId: AMS NetID of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsNetId)

nPort: AMS port number of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsPort)

nIdxGrp: Index group within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

nIdxOffs: Index offset within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

sVarName: Symbol name within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

bSignal: Variable whose value is to be transferred.

tCycleTime: Cycle time in which the input signal is examined to see that it has changed.

bSendNow: The value is transmitted immediately in response to a positive edge.

VAR_OUTPUT

VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy   : BOOL := FALSE;
  bLastSignal : BOOL;
  bError  : BOOL := FALSE;
  nErrorId: UDINT := 0;
  nErrorCnt: UDINT := 0;
END_VAR

bBusy: The transmission is active.

bLastSignal: Most recently transmitted value.

bError: An error occurred during the transmission.

nErrorId: Error number if an error has occurred.

nErrorCnt: Number of transmission attempts that have returned faults.

Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development environment</th>
<th>required TC3 PLC library</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TwinCAT v3.0.0</td>
<td>Tc2_DataExchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Event driven data exchange

3.4 FB_WriteByteOnDelta

The function block enables event-driven writing of a variable of type BYTE.

The FB_WriteByteOnDelta function block checks cyclically whether the value at the \( nSignal \) input has changed. The cycle time for checking is determined by the parameter \( tCycleTime \). If 0 s is given for \( tCycleTime \), the input signal is examined during every PLC cycle. If the comparison establishes that the current value is greater than the value \( nUpperLimit \) or lower than the value \( nLowerLimit \), then the value of the signal is sent to the ADS device that is to be specified. The receiver is addressed by means of the AMS-NetId and the port number (see also ADS Device Identification). The position within the receiver is specified by the index group/index offset or by the symbol name. Usually this is the input image or the flags area.

If the \( bEnable \) input is set to FALSE, no further signal transmission is carried out.

**VAR_INPUT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bEnable</td>
<td>Enable function block.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sNetId</td>
<td>AMS NetID of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsNetId)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nPort</td>
<td>AMS port number of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsPort)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nIdxGrp</td>
<td>Index group within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nIdxOffs</td>
<td>Index offset within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sVarName</td>
<td>Symbol name within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nSignal</td>
<td>Variable whose value is to be transmitted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nLowerLimit</td>
<td>Lower limit value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nUpperLimit</td>
<td>Upper limit value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tCycleTime</td>
<td>Cycle time in which the input signal is examined to see whether it has exceeded the limit values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bSendNow</td>
<td>The value is transmitted immediately in response to a positive edge.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**bEnable**: Enable function block.

**sNetId**: AMS NetID of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsNetId)

**nPort**: AMS port number of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsPort)

**nIdxGrp**: Index group within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

**nIdxOffs**: Index offset within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

**sVarName**: Symbol name within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

**nSignal**: Variable whose value is to be transmitted.

**nLowerLimit**: Lower limit value.

**nUpperLimit**: Upper limit value.

**tCycleTime**: Cycle time in which the input signal is examined to see whether it has exceeded the limit values.

**bSendNow**: The value is transmitted immediately in response to a positive edge.
### Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development environment</th>
<th>required TC3 PLC library</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TwinCAT v3.0.0</td>
<td>Tc2_DataExchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.5 FB_WriteWordOnDelta

The function block enables event-driven writing of a variable of type WORD.

The FB_WriteWordOnDelta function block checks cyclically whether the value at the \( n\text{Signal} \) input has changed. The cycle time for checking is determined by the parameter \( t\text{CycleTime} \). If 0 s is given for \( t\text{CycleTime} \), the input signal is examined during every PLC cycle. If the comparison establishes that the current value is greater than the value \( n\text{UpperLimit} \) or lower than the value \( n\text{LowerLimit} \), then the value of the signal is sent to the ADS device that is to be specified. The receiver is addressed by means of the AMS-NetId and the port number (see also ADS Device Identification). The position within the receiver is specified by the index group/index offset or by the symbol name. Usually this is the input image or the flags area.

If the \( b\text{Enable} \) input is set to FALSE, no further signal transmission is carried out.

### VAR_INPUT

```plaintext
VAR_INPUT
  bEnable      :  BOOL := FALSE;
  sNetId       :  T_AmsNetId;
  nPort        :  T_AmsPort;
  nIdxGrp      :  UDINT;
  nIdxOffs     :  UDINT;
  sVarName     :  STRING;
  nSignal      :  WORD;
  nLowerLimit  :  WORD;
  nUpperLimit  :  WORD;
END_VAR
```
tCycleTime : TIME := t#0s;
bSendNow : BOOL;

END_VAR

bEnable: Enable function block.

sNetId: AMS NetID of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsNetId)

nPort: AMS port number of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsPort)

nIdxGrp: Index group within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

nIdxOffs: Index offset within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

sVarName: Symbol name within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

nSignal: Variable whose value is to be transmitted.

nLowerLimit: Lower limit value.

nUpperLimit: Upper limit value.

tCycleTime: Cycle time in which the input signal is examined to see whether it has exceeded the limit values.

bSendNow: The value is transmitted immediately in response to a positive edge.

VAR_OUTPUT

VAR_OUTPUT

bBusy            :  BOOL := FALSE;
nLastSignal      :  WORD;
bError           :  BOOL := FALSE;
nErrorId         :  UDINT := 0;
nErrorCnt        :  UDINT := 0;

END_VAR

bBusy: The transmission is active.

nLastSignal: Most recently transmitted value.

bError: An error occurred during the transmission.

nErrorId: Error number if an error has occurred.

nErrorCnt: Number of transmission attempts that have returned faults.

Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development environment</th>
<th>required TC3 PLC library</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TwinCAT v3.0.0</td>
<td>Tc2_DataExchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.6 FB_WriteDWordOnDelta
The function block enables event-driven writing of a variable of type DWORD.

The FB_WriteDWordOnDelta function block checks cyclically whether the value at the \textit{nSignal} input has changed. The cycle time for checking is determined by the parameter \textit{tCycleTime}. If 0 s is given for \textit{tCycleTime}, the input signal is examined during every PLC cycle. If the comparison establishes that the current value is greater than the value \textit{nUpperLimit} or lower than the value \textit{nLowerLimit}, then the value of the signal is sent to the ADS device that is to be specified. The receiver is addressed by means of the AMS-NetId and the port number (see also ADS Device Identification). The position within the receiver is specified by the index group/index offset or by the symbol name. Usually this is the input image or the flags area.

If the \textit{bEnable} input is set to FALSE, no further signal transmission is carried out.

\begin{verbatim}
VAR_INPUT
  bEnable : BOOL := FALSE;
  sNetId  : T_AmsNetId;
  nPort   : T_AmsPort;
  nIdxGrp : UDINT;
  nIdxOffs: UDINT;
  sVarName: STRING;
  nSignal : BYTE;
  nLowerLimit : BYTE;
  nUpperLimit : BYTE;
  tCycleTime : TIME := t#0s;
  bSendNow : BOOL;
END_VAR

bEnable: Enable function block.

sNetId: AMS NetID of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsNetId)

nPort: AMS port number of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsPort)

nIdxGrp: Index group within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

nIdxOffs: Index offset within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

sVarName: Symbol name within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

nSignal: Variable whose value is to be transmitted.

nLowerLimit: Lower limit value.

nUpperLimit: Upper limit value.

tCycleTime: Cycle time in which the input signal is examined to see whether it has exceeded the limit values.

bSendNow: The value is transmitted immediately in response to a positive edge.
\end{verbatim}

\begin{verbatim}
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy   : BOOL := FALSE;
  nLastSignal : DWORD;
  bError  : BOOL := FALSE;
  nErrorId : UDINT := 0;
  nErrorCnt : UDINT := 0;
END_VAR

bBusy: The transmission is active.

nLastSignal: Most recently transmitted value.

bError: An error occurred during the transmission.

nErrorId: Error number if an error has occurred.

nErrorCnt: Number of transmission attempts that have returned faults.
\end{verbatim}
### Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development environment</th>
<th>required TC3 PLC library</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TwinCAT v3.0.0</td>
<td>Tc2_DataExchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.7 FB_WriteRealOnDelta

The function block enables event-driven writing of a variable of type REAL.

The FB_WriteRealOnDelta function block checks cyclically whether the value at the fSignal input has changed. The cycle time for checking is determined by the parameter tCycleTime. If 0 s is given for tCycleTime, the input signal is examined during every PLC cycle. If the comparison establishes that the current value is greater than the value fUpperLimit or lower than the value fLowerLimit, then the value of the signal is sent to the ADS device that is to be specified. The receiver is addressed by means of the AMS-NetId and the port number (see also ADS Device Identification). The position within the receiver is specified by the index group/index offset or by the symbol name. Usually this is the input image or the flags area.

The internal representation of floating point numbers differs according to the hardware being used. While Intel uses the "little endian" format, Motorola uses the "big endian" format. The input variable bSwapLowHighWord can be used to make the necessary adjustment in order to be able to exchange floating point numbers. This is necessary if floating point numbers are to be exchanged between the TwinCAT PLC on a PC and a BC9000, for example.

If the bEnable input is set to FALSE, no further signal transmission is carried out.

### VAR_INPUT

```plaintext
VAR_INPUT

bEnable : BOOL := FALSE;
sNetId  : T_AmsNetId;
nPort   : T_AmsPort;
nIdxGrp : UDINT;
nIdxOffs: UDINT;
sVarName: STRING;
fSignal : REAL;
fLowerLimit: REAL;
fUpperLimit: REAL;
tCycleTime: TIME := t#0s;
bSendNow : BOOL;
bSwapLowHighWord : BOOL := FALSE;
END_VAR
```

**bEnable**: Enable function block.

**sNetId**: AMS NetID of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T_AmsNetId)

**nPort**: AMS port number of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (T_AmsPort)

**nIdxGrp**: Index group within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

**nIdxOffs**: Index offset within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.
sVarName: Symbol name within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

fSignal: Variable whose value is to be transmitted.

fLowerLimit: Lower limit value.

fUpperLimit: Upper limit value.

tCycleTime: Cycle time in which the input signal is examined to see whether it has exceeded the limit values.

bSendNow: The value is transmitted immediately in response to a positive edge.

bSwapLowHighWord: The least significant WORD and the most significant WORD are swapped.

VAR_OUTPUT

| bBusy | BOOL := FALSE; |
| fLastSignal | REAL; |
| bError | BOOL := FALSE; |
| nErrorId | UDINT := 0; |
| nErrorCnt | UDINT := 0; |

bBusy: The transmission is active.

fLastSignal: Most recently transmitted value.

bError: An error occurred during the transmission.

nErrorId: Error number if an error has occurred.

nErrorCnt: Number of transmission attempts that have returned faults.

Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development environment</th>
<th>required TC3 PLC library</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TwinCAT v3.0.0</td>
<td>Tc2_DataExchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.8 FB_WriteLRealOnDelta

The function block enables event-driven writing of a variable of type LREAL.

The FB_WriteLRealOnDelta function block checks cyclically whether the value at the fSignal input has changed. The cycle time for checking is determined by the parameter tCycleTime. If 0 s is given for tCycleTime, the input signal is examined during every PLC cycle. If the comparison establishes that the current value is greater than the value fUpperLimit or lower than the value fLowerLimit, then the value of the signal is sent to the ADS device that is to be specified. The receiver is addressed by means of the AMS-NetId and the port number (see also ADS Device Identification). The position within the receiver is specified by the index group/index offset or by the symbol name. Usually this is the input image or the flags area.
If the \textit{bEnable} input is set to FALSE, no further signal transmission is carried out.

\textbf{VAR_INPUT}

\begin{verbatim}
VAR_INPUT
  bEnable        :  BOOL := FALSE;
  sNetId         :  T_AmsNetId;
  nPort          :  T_AmsPort;
  nIdxGrp        :  UDINT;
  nIdxOffs       :  UDINT;
  sVarName       :  STRING;
  fSignal        :  LREAL;
  fLowerLimit    :  LREAL;
  fUpperLimit    :  LREAL;
  tCycleTime     :  TIME := t#0s;
  bSendNow       :  BOOL;
END_VAR
\end{verbatim}

\textbf{bEnable}: Enable function block.

\textbf{sNetId}: AMS NetID of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (Type T\_AmsNetId)

\textbf{nPort}: AMS port number of the ADS device to which the value is to be transmitted. (T\_AmsPort)

\textbf{nIdxGrp}: Index group within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

\textbf{nIdxOffs}: Index offset within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

\textbf{sVarName}: Symbol name within the ADS device into which the value is to be transmitted.

\textbf{fSignal}: Variable whose value is to be transmitted.

\textbf{fLowerLimit}: Lower limit value.

\textbf{fUpperLimit}: Upper limit value.

\textbf{tCycleTime}: Cycle time in which the input signal is examined to see whether it has exceeded the limit values.

\textbf{bSendNow}: The value is transmitted immediately in response to a positive edge.

\textbf{VAR_OUTPUT}

\begin{verbatim}
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy          :  BOOL := FALSE;
  fLastSignal    :  LREAL;
  bError         :  BOOL := FALSE;
  nErrorId       :  UDINT := 0;
  nErrorCnt      :  UDINT := 0;
END_VAR
\end{verbatim}

\textbf{bBusy}: The transmission is active.

\textbf{fLastSignal}: Most recently transmitted value.

\textbf{bError}: An error occurred during the transmission.

\textbf{nErrorId}: Error number if an error has occurred.

\textbf{nErrorCnt}: Number of transmission attempts that have returned faults.

\textbf{Requirements}

\begin{table}[h]
\centering
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline
Development environment & required TC3 PLC library \\
\hline
TwinCAT v3.0.0 & Tc2\_DataExchange \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\end{table}
4 Watchdog function blocks

Monitoring Blocks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FB_WriteWatchdog</td>
<td>Writes a watchdog signal (an incrementing counter) cyclically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB_CheckWatchdog</td>
<td>Monitors the received watchdog signal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.1 FB_CheckWatchdog

Monitoring of a watchdog signal, which is transferred with the function block FB_WriteWatchdog [20].

The device to be monitored regularly sends a variable counter value to the device that is to monitor the transmission. The function block FB_CheckWatchdog is used there to monitor the state of the counter. If this does not change within a specific period, the bWatchdog output is set to TRUE. If a value of 0 s is specified for tWatchdogTime, the bWatchdog signal is set to FALSE. The period specified by tWatchdogTime should be a multiple (5-10 times) of the time in which the monitoring signal is transmitted.

VAR_INPUT

bEnable : BOOL := FALSE;
tWatchdogTime : TIME := t#0s;
nCnt : UDINT;
END_VAR

bEnable: Enable function block.

tWatchdogTime: Duration during which nCnt has to change.

nCnt: Current counter value of the watchdog signal.

VAR_OUTPUT

bWatchdog : BOOL := FALSE;
nLastCnt : UDINT;
END_VAR

bWatchdog: FALSE indicates a valid monitoring signal. The output will become TRUE if no change is detected in nCnt during the period of time specified by tWatchdogTime.

nLastCnt: Most recent successfully transmitted counter state of the monitoring signal.

Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development environment</th>
<th>required TC3 PLC library</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Tc2_DataExchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.2 FB_WriteWatchdog

Writing of a watchdog signal to another ADS device (TwinCAT PLC, Bus Terminal Controller, ...).

The FB_WriteWatchdog function block cyclically writes the contents of a 32-bit counter into another ADS device. The counter is incremented every time the transmission is successful. The FB_CheckWatchdog function block can be used at the receiver to evaluate this signal. The receiver is addressed by means of the AMS-NetId and the port number (see also ADS Device Identification). The position within the receiver is specified by the index group/index offset or by the symbol name. Usually this is the input image or the flags area.

The period for `tWatchdogTime` should not be shorter than 1 second, to avoid transmitting the counter state too frequently. If 0 s is given for `tWatchdogTime`, the signal is not transmitted. Please also note the description of the function block `FB_CheckWatchdog()` [19].

If the input `bEnable` is set to FALSE, no further transfer of the watchdog signal takes place.

**VAR_INPUT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BOOL</td>
<td>bEnable: Enable function block.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T_AmsNetId</td>
<td>sNetId: AMS NetID of the ADS device to which the watchdog signal is to be transferred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T_AmsPort</td>
<td>nPort: AMS port number of the ADS device to which the watchdog signal is to be transferred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UDINT</td>
<td>nIdxGrp: Index group within the ADS device to which the watchdog signal is to be transferred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UDINT</td>
<td>nIdxOffs: Index offset within the ADS device to which the watchdog signal is to be transferred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STRING</td>
<td>sVarName: Symbol name within the ADS device to which the watchdog signal is to be transferred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIME</td>
<td>tWatchdogTime: Cycle time in which the watchdog signal is transferred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOOL</td>
<td>bSendNow: A positive edge triggers immediate transfer of the watchdog signal.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**VAR_OUTPUT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BOOL</td>
<td>bBusy: Transmission is active.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UDINT</td>
<td>nLastCnt: Most recently transmitted counter state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOOL</td>
<td>bError:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UDINT</td>
<td>nErrorId:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**bError:** An error occurred during the transmission.

**nErrorId:** Error number if an error has occurred.

### Requirements

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<td>Tc2_DataExchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5 Data types

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E_ADSComMode [22]</td>
<td>Setting of the communication type: safe or fast.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.1 E_AdsComMode

```
TYPE E_AdsComMode :
{
  eAdsComModeSecureCom := 0,
  eAdsComModeFastCom   := 1
};
END_TYPE
```

Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development environment</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TwinCAT v3.1.0</td>
<td>Tc2_DataExchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6 Global constants

6.1 Library version

All libraries have a certain version. The version is indicated in the PLC library repository, for example. A global constant contains the information about the library version:

```
VAR_GLOBAL CONSTANT
  stLibVersion_Tc2_DataExchange : ST_LibVersion;
END_VAR
```

`stLibVersion_Tc2_DataExchange`: Version information of Tc2_DataExchange (type: ST_LibVersion)

To check whether the version you have is the version you need, use the function F_CmpLibVersion (defined in the Tc2_System library).

- All other options for comparing library versions, which you may know from TwinCAT 2, are outdated!